The facts relating to this are as follow:

I. Taharqa, therefore, reckoned 6 Sed periods, or 180 years from Uasarkon II's Sed heb in 874 B.C.

II. The annals of Assurbanipal relate that upon receipt of the news of the Assyrian reverses in Egypt, a

1. Taharqa retired on Thebes.
2. In the 25th year of Taharqa, Esarhaddon defeated Taharqa, and captured Memphis in June, 670 B.C.;
3. Esarhaddon departed and Taharqa recaptured Memphis in his 26th year, B.C. 669. In this year,
4. The record of Psamtek I, by its data fixes the ceremonial inauguration of the Apis at Memphis in the
5. Hearing of the Assyrian reverses in Egypt, Esarhaddon advanced against Egypt but died on the march
6. The Tartan (general) of the Assyrian army continued the campaign, and was joined by a second army

III. If the records supplying the above data are all true records there is only one possible explanation of

1. 1. Uasarkon II celebrated a Sed heb in 874 B.C. (Ptolemy, Table XI).
2. Taharqa, having reigned as a powerful coregent for many years, determined to assert his own
3. French archaeologists discovered and published an Egyptian stele, now in the Peabody Museum,
4. The record obviously states that on the day of Full Moon an eclipse of the moon did not take
5. The record of the Dream Stele of Tanutamen, and the traditions relating to
6. The annals of Assurbanipal confirm the Dream Stele of Tanutamen, and the traditions relating to

IV. Taharqa is fixed in 667 B.C.

1. The priests of Memphis buried an Apis in the Serapeum, dated in the 24th year Taharqa, B.C. 671.
2. In the 25th year of Taharqa, Esarhaddon defeated Taharqa, and captured Memphis in June, 670 B.C.;
3. In the 26th year of Taharqa, 669 B.C., Taharqa recaptured Memphis.
4. The recorded duration of the reign of Psamtek I is 54 years.

V. The astronomical dating of Taharqa's 1st year is fixed as follows:

1. Uasarkon II celebrated a Sed heb in 874 B.C.,
2. Taharqa, therefore, reckoned 6 Sed periods, or 180 years from Uasarkon II's Sed heb in 874 B.C.
3. Taharqa, therefore, reckoned 6 Sed periods, or 180 years from Uasarkon II's Sed heb in 874 B.C.


1. Psamtek I, in an Apis record, claims that his reign began immediately following the death of Taharqa
2. The priests of Memphis buried an Apis in the Serapeum, dated in the 24th year Taharqa, B.C. 671.
3. The Tartan (general) of the Assyrian army continued the campaign, and was joined by a second army
4. 1. The priests of Memphis buried an Apis in the Serapeum, dated in the 24th year Taharqa, B.C. 671.
5. The priests of Memphis buried an Apis in the Serapeum, dated in the 24th year Taharqa, B.C. 671.
6. The Tartan (general) of the Assyrian army continued the campaign, and was joined by a second army

VII. With 665 B.C. as the date of Psamtek I's banishment, and 661 B.C. as the date of his reinstatement

1. Assurbanipal states that Taharqa continued his flight to Ethiopia and died there; the Assyrian
2. The Tartan (general) of the Assyrian army continued the campaign, and was joined by a second army
3. The Tartan (general) of the Assyrian army continued the campaign, and was joined by a second army
4. Hearing of the Assyrian reverses in Egypt, Esarhaddon advanced against Egypt but died on the march
5. The Tartan (general) of the Assyrian army continued the campaign, and was joined by a second army

VIII. The astronomical data:

1. The Sun's graphic appearance in the left (Heliacal rising before the meridian) or the right (Heliacal setting
2. The Sun's graphic appearance in the left (Heliacal rising before the meridian) or the right (Heliacal setting
3. The Sun's graphic appearance in the left (Heliacal rising before the meridian) or the right (Heliacal setting
4. The Sun's graphic appearance in the left (Heliacal rising before the meridian) or the right (Heliacal setting

IX. The result of the Great Eclipses:

1. The result of the Great Eclipses:
2. The result of the Great Eclipses:
3. The result of the Great Eclipses:
4. The result of the Great Eclipses:

X. The announcement of the beginning of the year as fixed from the eclipse:

1. The result of the Great Eclipses:
2. The result of the Great Eclipses:
3. The result of the Great Eclipses:
4. The result of the Great Eclipses:

XI. The result of the Great Eclipses:

1. The result of the Great Eclipses:
2. The result of the Great Eclipses:
3. The result of the Great Eclipses:
4. The result of the Great Eclipses:

XII. The astronomical dating of Taharqa's 1st year is fixed as follows:

1. Uasarkon II celebrated a Sed heb in 874 B.C.
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XV. The astronomical dating of Taharqa's 1st year is fixed as follows:

1. Uasarkon II celebrated a Sed heb in 874 B.C.
2. Taharqa, therefore, reckoned 6 Sed periods, or 180 years from Uasarkon II's Sed heb in 874 B.C.
3. Taharqa, therefore, reckoned 6 Sed periods, or 180 years from Uasarkon II's Sed heb in 874 B.C.